Geometry: Shape, Position and Direction

IDENTIFYING SHAPES AND THIER PROPERTIES							
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6		
recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including: * 2-D shapes [e.g. rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles] * 3-D shapes [e.g. cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres].	identify and describe the properties of 2-D shapes, including the number of sides and line symmetry in a vertical line identify and describe the properties of 3-D shapes, including the number of edges, vertices and faces identify 2-D shapes on the surface of 3-D shapes, [for example, a circle on a cylinder and a triangle on		identify lines of symmetry in 2-D shapes presented in different orientations	identify 3-D shapes, including cubes and other cuboids, from 2-D representations	recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Drawing and Constructing) illustrate and name parts of circles, including radius, diameter and circumference and know that the diameter is twice the radius		
	a pyramid]						
		DRAWING AND	CONSTRUCTING				
		draw 2-D shapes and make 3-D shapes using modelling materials;	complete a simple symmetric figure with respect to a specific line of	draw given angles, and measure them in degrees (°)	draw 2-D shapes using given dimensions and angles		
	diffe	recognise 3-D shapes in different orientations and describe them	symmetry		recognise, describe and build simple 3-D shapes, including making nets (appears also in Identifying Shapes and Their Properties)		

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COMPARING AND CLASSIFYING								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
	compare and sort common 2-D and 3-D shapes and everyday objects		compare and classify geometric shapes, including quadrilaterals and triangles, based on their properties and sizes	use the properties of rectangles to deduce related facts and find missing lengths and angles	compare and classify geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons			
				distinguish between regular and irregular polygons based on reasoning about equal sides and angles				
			ANGLES					
		recognise angles as a property of shape or a description of a turn identify right angles, recognise	identify acute and	know angles are measured in degrees: estimate and compare acute, obtuse and reflex angles identify:	recognise angles where			
		that two right angles make a half- turn, three make three quarters of a turn and four a complete turn; identify whether angles are greater than or less than a right angle	obtuse angles and compare and order angles up to two right angles by size	* angles at a point and one whole turn (total 360°) * angles at a point on a straight line and ½ a turn (total 180°) * other multiples of 90°	they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles			
		identify horizontal and vertical lines and pairs of perpendicular and parallel lines						

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POSITION, DIRECTION AND MOVEMENT								
Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6			
describe position,	use mathematical		describe positions on a	identify, describe and	describe positions on the			
direction and movement,	vocabulary to describe		2-D grid as coordinates in	represent the position of a	full coordinate grid (all			
including half, quarter and	position, direction and		the first quadrant	shape following a	four quadrants)			
three-quarter turns.	movement including			reflection or translation,				
	movement in a straight		describe movements	using the appropriate	draw and translate simple			
	line and distinguishing		between positions as	language, and know that	shapes on the coordinate			
	between rotation as a		translations of a given unit	the shape has not	plane, and reflect them in			
	turn and in terms of right		to the left/right and	changed	the axes.			
	angles for quarter, half		up/down					
	and three-quarter turns							
	(clockwise and							
	anti-clockwise)							
			plot specified points and					
			draw sides to complete a					
			given polygon					
PATTERN PATTERN								
	order and arrange							
	combinations of							
	mathematical objects in							
	patterns and sequences							